



UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/759,984	01/12/2001	Scott K. Dessain	0399.2012-001	1034
21005 75	90 05/04/2004		EXAMINER	
HAMILTON, BROOK, SMITH & REYNOLDS, P.C.			SCHEINER, LAURIE A	
530 VIRGINIA P.O. BOX 9133			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
CONCORD, MA 01742-9133			1648	
•			DATE MAILED: 05/04/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/759,984	DESSAIN ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Laurie A. Scheiner	1648				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address						
Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1: after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timed within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE!	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 03 N	ovember 2003.					
, ,	action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar	<u></u>					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-81</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>13-20,29-46,51-60 and 77-81</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-12,21-28,47-50 and 61-76</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers	•					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)						
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)						
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>1/3/02</u> . 6) Other:						

Application/Control Number: 09/759,984

Art Unit: 1648

Claims 1-81 are pending. Applicant's election without traverse of Group I (claims 1-12, 21-28, 47-50 and 61-76) on November 3, 2003 is acknowledged.

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. § 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 1-12, 21-28, 47-50 and 61-76 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as being drawn to subject matter that was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. In re Rasmussen, 650 F.2d 1212, 211 U.S.P.Q. 323 (C.C.P.A. 1981). The written description requirement under Section 112, first paragraph, sets forth that the claimed subject matter must be supported by an adequate written description that is sufficient to enable anyone skilled in the art to make and use the invention. The courts have concluded that the specification must demonstrate that the inventor(s) had possession of the claimed invention as of the filing date relied upon. Although the claimed subject matter need not be described identically, the disclosure relied upon must convey to those skilled in the art that applicants had invented the subject matter claimed. In re Wilder, et al., 222 U.S.P.Q. 369 (C.A.F.C. 1984). In re Werthheim, et al., 191 U.S.P.Q. 90 (C.C.P.A. 1976). In re Driscoll, 195 U.S.P.Q. 434 (C.C.P.A. 1977). Utter v. Hiraga, 6 U.S.P.Q.2d 1709 (C.A.F.C. 1988). University of California v. Eli Lilly, 119 F.3d 1559, 43 U.S.P.Q.2d 1398 (Fed. Cir. 1997). Amgen Inc. v. Chugai Pharmaceutical Co. Ltd., 18 U.S.P.Q.2d 1016-1031 (C.A.F.C. 1991). Fiers v. Sugano, 25 U.S.P.Q.2d 1601-1607 (C.A.F.C. 1993).

Applicants' disclosure fails to provide an adequate written description for the invention as broadly claimed. Essentially, the claims are drawn to methods of producing a hybrid cell that

Application/Control Number: 09/759,984

Art Unit: 1648

expresses an ectopic telomerase gene. However, applicants' disclosure fails to provide adequate written support for the invention as broadly claimed. That is, applicants' claims encompass fusing virtually any fusion partner cell with virtually any fusion cell. However, the disclosure predominantly provides discussions and examples the SP2/0 MP-hTERT fusion.

That is, the specification essentially teaches that expressed ectopic hTERT is contributed by SP2/0 MP-hTERT cells and ectopic hTERT expressing hybrid cells are best made by expressing hTERT prior to cell fusion. As such, limiting the scope of the claims commensurate with that which has been described is required by the statute. As set forth in Lockwood v. American Airlines Inc., 107 F.3d 1565, 1571-1572, 41 USPQ2d 1961, 1966 (Fed. Cir. 1997):

It is the disclosures of the applications that count. Entitlement to a filing date does not extend to subject matter which is not disclosed, but would be obvious over what is expressly disclosed. It extends only to that which is disclosed. While the meaning of terms, phrases, or diagrams in a disclosure is to be explained or interpreted from the vantage point of one skilled in the art, all the limitations must appear in the specification. The question is not whether a claimed invention is an obvious variant of that which is disclosed in the specification. Rather, a prior application itself must describe an invention, and do so in sufficient detail that one skilled in the art can clearly conclude that the inventor invented the claimed invention as of the filing date sought. . . [A]II that is necessary to satisfy the description requirement is to show that one is "in possession" of the invention . . . One shows that one is "in possession" of the invention by describing the invention, with all its claimed limitations, not that which makes it obvious. . . Although the exact terms need not be used in haec verba, . . . the specification must contain an equivalent description of the claimed subject matter. [Citations omitted]

It is not sufficient for purposes of the written description requirement of Section 112 that the disclosure, when combined with knowledge in the art, would lead one to speculate as to modifications that the inventor might have envisioned, but failed to disclose. Each application in the chain must describe the claimed features.

The specification must contain a written description of that which is now claimed. <u>Fiers v. Revel</u>, 984 F.2d 1164, 1170, 25 USPQ2d 1601, 1605 (Fed. Cir. 1993). Whether the disclosure(s) relied on "reasonably convey [] to the artisan that the inventor had possession at

Page 4

Application/Control Number: 09/759,984

Art Unit: 1648

that time" of that which is now claimed is a question of fact. Again, applicants' claims are clearly broader than that which is described in the specification.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Laurie Scheiner, whose telephone number is (571) 272-0910. Due to a flexible work schedule, the examiner's hours typically vary each day. However, the examiner can normally be reached Monday thru Friday. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, James Housel, can be reached on (571) 272-0902.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be directed to the Group 1600 receptionist whose telephone number is (571) 272-1600.

Correspondence related to this application may be submitted to Group 1600 by facsimile transmission. The faxing of such papers must conform with the notice published in the Official Gazette, 1096 OG 30 (November 15, 1989). Official communications should be directed toward the following central fax number: (703) 872-9306.

Laurie Scheiner/LAS April 20, 2004

> LAURIE SCHEINER PRIMARY EXAMINER